DEPARTMENT of ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES Water Supply & Pollution Control Division - Biology Bureau

LAKE TROPHIC DATA

MORPHOMETRIC:

Lake: KINSMAN POND	Lake Area (ha):	1.01
Town: LINCOLN	Maximum depth (m):	2.1
County: Grafton	Mean depth (m):	1.1
River Basin: Merrimack	Volume (m³):	10500
Latitude: 44°08'10" N	Relative depth:	1.9
Longitude: 71°44'00" W	Shore configuration:	2.25
Elevation (ft): 3790	Areal water load (m/yr):	86.72
Shore length (m): 800	Flushing rate (yr^{-1}) :	82.00
Watershed area (ha): 98.4	P retention coeff.:	0.25
% watershed ponded: 0.0	Lake type: n	atural

BIOLOGICAL:	8 September 1994
DOM. PHYTOPLANKTON (% TOTAL) #1	SCHROEDERIA 45%
#2	DICTYOSPHAERIUM 30%
#3	COSMARIUM 20%
PHYTOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (units/mL)	
CHLOROPHYLL-A (µg/L)	17.83
DOM. ZOOPLANKTON (% TOTAL) #1	NAUPLIUS LARVA 65%
#2	KERATELLA 27%
#3	
ROTIFERS/LITER	16
MICROCRUSTACEA/LITER	35
ZOOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (#/L)	51
VASCULAR PLANT ABUNDANCE	Scattered
SECCHI DISK TRANSPARENCY (m)	0.4
BOTTOM DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L)	11.8
BACTERIA (E. coli, #/100 ml) #1	
#2	
#3	

SUMMER THERMAL STRATIFICATION:

not stratified

Depth of thermocline (m): None Hypolimnion volume (m³): None Anoxic volume (m³): None

		KINSMAN POND LINCOLN		
		8	September	1994
DEPTH (m)		1.0		
pH (units)		4.5		
A.N.C. (Alkalinity)		-1.9		
NITRATE NITROGEN		0.12		
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN		< 0.10	7.7.	
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS		0.077		W. AL-W.
CONDUCTIVITY (µmhos/cm)		29.5		
APPARENT COLOR (cpu)		150		
MAGNESIUM		0.22		
CALCIUM		1.0		
SODIUM		0.5		
POTASSIUM		0.16		<u></u>
CHLORIDE		< 2		
SULFATE		4		
TN : TP	1.0			
CALCITE SATURATION INDEX				

All results in mg/L unless indicated otherwise

TROPHIC CLASSIFICATION: 1994

D.O	•	S.D.	PLANT	CHL	TOTAL	CLASS
*	*	6	1	3	10	Eutro.

COMMENTS:

- 1. This is a shallow remote mountain pond, located in the evening shadow of North Kinsman Mountain within the White Mountain National Forest.
- 2. Kinsman Pond was not sampled during the winter because of icy, treacherous trail conditions.
- 3. This is a darkly colored acid pond with negative buffering capacity (ANC). This condition is confirmed by previous sampling by helicopter. Somewhat unusual for a remote mountain pond were the high levels of phosphorus and the relatively high levels of algae.
- 4. The water appeared "murky", probably due to both algal cells and decaying organic detritus (organic acids). The poor water clarity (barely more than 1 foot) was caused by both the suspended matter (algae & detritus) and the dark color.

Pond Kinsman Lincoln x⁷ O_rocks 5 foot depth contour 0,1

Km

FIELD DATA SHEET

LAKE: KINSMAN POND DATE: 09/08/94

TOWN: LINCOLN

WEATHER: SUNNY & WARM

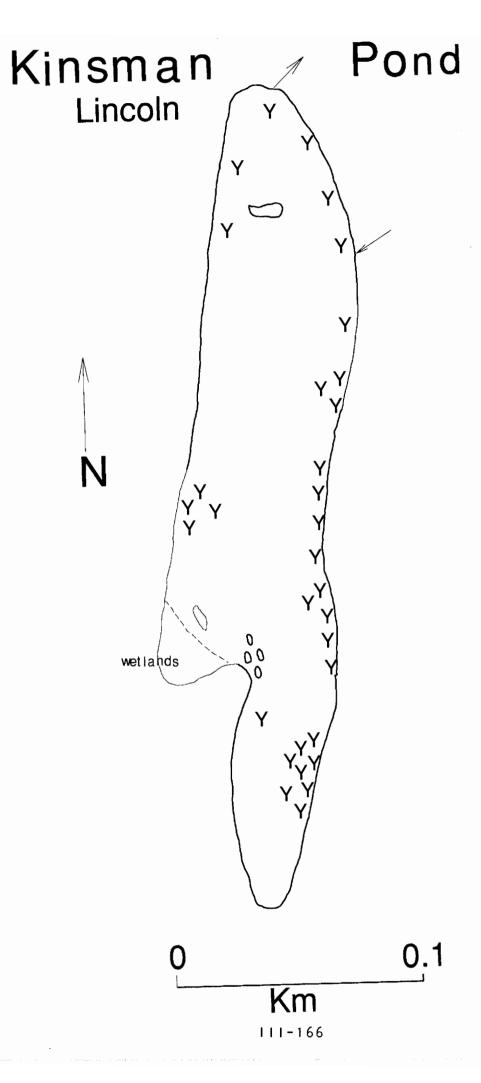
DEPTH (M)	TEMP (°C)	*DISSOLVED OXYGEN	OXYGEN SATURATION
0.1	9.0	12.0	104 %
0.5	8.9	12.0	101 %
1.0	8.0	11.9	98 %
1.5	8.0	11.5	96 %
2.0	7.9	11.8	95 %
4,404			

SECCHI DISK (m): 0.4 COMMENTS:

BOTTOM DEPTH (m): 2.1

TIME:

*Dissolved oxygen values are in mg/L



AQUATIC PLANT SURVEY DATE: 09/08/94 LAKE: KINSMAN POND TOWN: LINCOLN PLANT NAME **ABUNDANCE** Key **GENERIC** COMMON Scattered Yellow water lily Y Nuphar

OVERALL ABUNDANCE: Scattered

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS:

 Very shallow pond; yellow lilies were scattered around the pond. Numerous rocks were present and the southwest cove was a wetland.